AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel Claims 10-18, leaving Claims 1-9 for examination. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (Original) A method of processing semiconductor substrates and reducing particle contamination and/or process drift during consecutive processing of the substrates, the method comprising steps of:
- (a) placing a substrate on a substrate holder in an interior space of a plasma processing chamber, the processing chamber including at lease one slip cast part having a surface exposed to the interior space, the slip cast part having free silicon contained therein and a protective layer on the surface which protects the silicon from being attacked by the plasma in the interior space;
- (b) processing the substrate by supplying process gas to the processing chamber and energizing the process gas into a plasma state in the processing chamber, the slip cast part being exposed to the plasma and optionally providing a ground path for RF current sustaining the plasma;
 - (c) removing the substrate from the processing chamber; and
- (d) consecutively processing additional substrates in the processing chamber by repeating steps (a-c) while minimizing particle contamination of the substrates and/or

reducing process drift during the processing step as a result of protecting the free silicon from attack by the plasma.

- 2. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the slip cast part comprises a liner within a sidewall of the processing chamber, the processing chamber including a substantially planar antenna which energizes the process gas into the plasma state by supplying RF power to the antenna and the process gas comprising one or more hydrofluorocarbon gases.
- 3. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the plasma comprises a high density plasma and the substrates are processed by etching an oxide layer on the substrates with the high density plasma while supplying an RF bias to the substrates.
- 4. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the slip cast part comprises a liner within a sidewall of the processing chamber, a gas distribution plate supplying the process gas to the processing chamber, a perforated baffle extending between the substrate holder and an inner wall of the processing chamber, a wafer passage insert and/or a focus ring surrounding the substrate.
- 5. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the slip cast part comprises a wafer passage insert fitted in an opening in a ceramic liner within a sidewall of

the processing chamber, the liner being heated by a heater which maintains the liner at a desired temperature.

- 6. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the slip cast part consists essentially of silicon impregnated slip cast SiC coated with CVD SiC.
- 7. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the slip cast part comprises a heated liner and a baffle, the liner surrounding the substrate holder and the baffle comprising a foraminous ring extending between the liner and the substrate holder, the liner being heated to a temperature above room temperature during the processing step.
- 8. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the slip cast part comprises a gas distribution plate having a resistivity high enough to allow RF energy to pass therethrough, the process gas being energized by an antenna which couples RF energy into the chamber through the gas distribution plate.
- 9. (Original) The method according to Claim 8, wherein the slip cast part further comprises a chamber liner having a resistivity below 200 Ω ·cm.

Claims 10-18 (Canceled).